

All Canada Pays Tribute To The Boys In Khaki



Spr. F. Marconi

Prepare Plans For Coming War Savings Drive

Meeting Held at Calgary on Wednesday to Work Out Details to be Followed by Divisional Groups.

A meeting of the Coleman War Finance committee was held in the council chamber on Sunday evening, President Wm. White presiding.

He stated that he and unit organizer H. C. McBurney had been instructed to start organizing Coleman preparatory to starting a new campaign for the sale of war savings certificates and stamps. Since calling the meeting they had received an invitation to attend a meeting to be held at Calgary on Wednesday, June 24, to be attended by unit presidents and organizers for the purpose of discussing plans pertaining to the forthcoming drive which will be Dominion wide. As a result they were not sure what measures were to be followed in the drive. However, since the meeting had been called he desired the committee to suggest ideas best suited to local conditions and which would bring the best results.

It was suggested that the town be divided into a large number of units and have a team of two men canvass each unit. This it was thought would make the canvass brief but thorough. Names of all those present, in addition to last year's committee members who were absent, were recorded and when the results of the Calgary meeting was made known a meeting of local canvassers will be called and the town divided into units.

In his address, President White stated that during the past twelve months Coleman had subscribed \$30,000 in war savings certificates and stamps. It was estimated that at the present time only 60% of the local population was contributing to the purchase of certificates and stamps. He emphasized the point that many new comers had arrived in Coleman in recent months and it was six months since the last war savings drive had been concluded here, therefore these newcomers were not regular purchasers.

Figures revealed that at International mine 304 employees were purchasing \$527 worth of certificates per pay, and McGillivray had 278 employees purchasing \$434 per pay. The bank and post-office sold on an average of \$460 per month. Mr. White stated that there was approximately a 2 million dollar pay roll in Coleman which included mines and business places. To only secure \$30,000 of that amount for the purchase of certificates left room for vast improvement.



Cpl. L. O. Richards

Local Boys Write From England

L. A. Caroe Tells of Meeting Coleman Men; Doug. Moores Completely Recovered From Serious Accident.

Letters were received at The Legion this week from Doug. Moores, L. A. Caroe and Geo. Evans thanking the Cigarette Fund Committee for their cigarettes.

Their letters are as follows:

L. A. Caroe

The Legion: Just a line or two to say we are all getting along O.K. and hoping to get into action soon and back at least before Christmas. I think we will, too!

I've met Bob Burt and I am with Davey Neavey yet and we are all happy and waiting mail from Canada as we haven't had any yet.

Jasper Jones, and Sudworth and the Hirsts are all close by and I see them every Saturday and it sort of makes us feel at home again. George Burchell and "Frenchy" Marconi are near by the Hirsts but I haven't been lucky enough to meet them yet. Bill Russell landed just lately too and he doesn't care very much for it over here.

I met Thomas Owen and two Low brothers from Michel, so when we all meet up it's just like home. We've had a few raids lately and a few bombs sort of shook us a little but nothing serious.

I have been down to Hastings and St. Leonards-by-the-sea and Bexhill-by-the-sea and it really must have been lovely before the war. If I don't soon get some mail, etc., from home I will be back for it. Ho-ho-ho!

P.S. Hirsts, etc., say they are receiving regularly their cigs, and so is Jasper and Sudworth. Thumbs Up. Dvr. L. A. Caroe.

Douglas Moores

Dear Sirs: Well fellows, I received my third package of cigs, today so I had better acknowledge them before I go back to work. It is really great to have the good old Canadian cigs, coming over as it is hard to get a decent smoke out of these English cigs.

I know I greatly appreciate the effort the Canadian Legion of Coleman is putting up to supply us fellows over here, from home, with smokes.

I was burned pretty seriously about the face and hands a couple of months back but I am glad to say I was fortunate enough to come out of the incident without any scars although it was very painful for awhile.

I have been away for three weeks on a special course but I am now back on the station. I am due for 14 days leave next week so I will be going to look over some more of this country. England is not a bad place but you know the old saying, "there's no place like home."

We get it pretty hot around here at times but so far we have been pretty fortunate and here's hoping we continue to be. I honestly believe that the turning point of the war has now been reached and before long "Jerry" will be ready to say "Uncle."

Well, fellows, I guess I have just about shot my bolt and anyway I have an aircraft to get serviceable so I will close for now. Thanking you again for your thoughtfulness and hope that you keep up the good work. Thumbs Up.—Dougias Moores.

Geo. Evans in a brief message acknowledges receipt of his cigarettes and wishes to be remembered to Legion members.

BRIDAL SHOWER

Gold and white was the color scheme on Thursday evening, June 18, at the home of Mrs. R. Holmes when the ladies of the St. Paul's Missionary Society were hostesses to a surprise shower, honoring Miss Ethel Dunlop, bride-elect.

During the evening games and contests were enjoyed. Following refreshments a basket, in white and gold with silver bells, containing gifts, was presented to the guest-of-honor by Mrs. M. Petrunik and Mrs. W. Kennedy. Mrs. Holmes, president of the society, expressed, on behalf of the members, best wishes for the future, to which Miss Dunlop replied, thanking her friends for their wishes and gifts.



Coleman's Men In Uniform

June 29 to July 5 is to be known as Army Week and has been set aside by the Dominion government in which to pay tribute to the Men in Khaki. Coleman will honor its men in uniform and a big parade and sports program is scheduled for July 1 when tribute will be made to The Soldier. Coleman's men in uniform include:

Pte. Wm. Anderson, Cpl. Jim Anderson, LAC Jim Atkinson.

Pte. L. Brown, Pte. E. Bernard, Major R. F. Barnes, P/O Foss Boulton, Pte. John Bell, Cpl. Robt. Burt, Lt. R. Borden, Pte. Joe Bodisch, Spr. G. Burchell, Pte. G. Booth, AC2 V. Brown, Wm. Balloch, R.C.N., Irene Brennan, Pte. R. Bedington, Pte. F. Bedington, Gnr. H. M. Buckna.

Spr. J. R. Cousins, L/C T. Clarke, Pte. L. A. Caroe, Pte. F. Coccione, Sgt. Celi, Pte. M. Cousins, L/M C. Cornett, Pte. Alex. Chalmers, P/O W. Cox.

Spr. U. DeCecco, Pte. D. Daly, Gnr. E. J. Driver, Capt. J. H. Dunbar, LAC Ellis Derbyshire, AC2 R. E. Destobell, Pte. J. D'Andrea.

Pte. R. Foster, Pte. Roy Foster, Pte. Dan Foster, Pte. N. Fleming, Lt. C. E. Founds,

Gnr. J. Gate, C. O. Godfrey, Pte. S. Gillies, AC2 T. Goldring, Pte. A. Gudmundson, Pte. R. Garrett, Pte. L. Griffiths.

Pte. L. Hoyle, Pte. J. Hogan, Pte. J. Hastings, Pte. Oscar Hirsch, Pte. H. F. Hirsch, Pte. J. Hirst, H. Houghton, R.C.N., Pte. Wm. Hirst, Pte. F. Hirst, Pte. A. Holak.

Pte. J. Jones, John James, R.C. A.F., AC2 David Jones, AC2 A. Jones, Gnr. R. Jenkins.

Pte. J. Kanik, Pte. J. Kroesing, L. Josephs, R.C.N., Pte. A. Kanik, Spr. E. R. Kennedy, Pte. G. Kroesing, Pte. A. Krywolt, Pte. F. Kilgannon, H. Kane, R.C.N.,

JOHN ROGERS GETS HIS WINGS

John Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Rogers, received his commission as a pilot officer at Yorkton, Saskatchewan, on Thursday, June 18.

He enlisted in the R.C.A.F. on July 22, 1941, and trained in Saskatchewan and Manitoba. He was born in Coleman and attended both public and high schools. Always interested in aviation he made it his hobby in his early youth and made many model planes. When the opportunity came to enter the R.C.A.F. he lost no time getting

Pte. R. Lowe, Pte. J. Lloyd, Pte. A. Lodie.

Pte. A. L. McLeod, Cpl. M. McGull, Pte. H. McMullen, Pte. J. McCulloch, Spr. A. McDonald, Gnr. G. McCulloch, Pte. J. W. McQuarrie, AC2 A. McQuarrie.

P/O G. Nurembe, Pte. D. Neavey, W. K. Naylor, Pte. W. Nimcan, Pte. L. A. Nelson.

Pte. A. Phillips, D. A. Plante, Pte. H. Parkinson, Pte. M. A. Parrell, Pte. J. Powik, R. D. G. Parry, P/O J. Rogers, AW2 May Ram-say, Cpl. L. Richards, Gnr. J. Raymond, Pte. W. Russell, Pte. G. Roper.

Cpl. M. Smith, Spr. G. Stevens, Pte. P. Snow, Pte. J. Sikora, Pte. J. Sudworth, Pte. T. Sudworth, AC2 G. Simms.

Pte. F. Marconi, Cpl. B. Murray, Pte. C. Murphy, AC I. Morgan, Pte. S. Mysynck, AC1 D. Moores, Spr. H. L. McLeod, Cpl. G. McMullen, W. McLeod, R.C.N., AC1 J. McGregor.

Cpl. J. Seaman, AC1 D. Smith, F. Sharp, R.C.A.F., Pte. J. Stuvall.

Sgt. H. Thomas, Pte. A. Thornber.

Sgt. W. Vollendorf, Pte. L. Vasek.

Pte. E. Woods, Pte. A. Wragge, Pte. J. Wydrzycki, Cpl. J. Wilson, AC3 H. Webster.

Pte. J. Yurasek, AC2 W. You-chuk.

Pte. Geo. Derbyshire, Pte. E. Churla, Pte. J. Churla.

The Legion estimates that at least fifty names of local soldiers who have enlisted during the past six months have not been recorded. These names and the addresses of all Coleman soldiers would be appreciated at the Legion club, to get the books in shape once again.

into uniform and with hard work and study has achieved his ambition to become a full fledged pilot. His many friends congratulate him on receiving his commission.

He is now spending a two weeks furlough with his parents, having arrived home from Yorkton on Monday morning.

TO RESIDE AT COAST

Mr. and Mrs. A. Walker plan on leaving this Saturday for Vancouver, where they will make their future home. Mrs. Walker has been active in Eastern Star and Red Cross circles and her loss will be felt by both organizations. Their many friends wish them luck in their new home.

Red Cross Campaign Well "Over The Top"

Secretary Mrs. A. Walker Resigns; \$1,000 Sent to Headquarters; Branch Adjourns For Summer Months.

The last meeting of the local branch of the Red Cross till the Fall months was held on Monday evening with President W. Dutil presiding.

Treasurer J. A. Park gave his financial report which revealed that \$1,239.18 had been collected in the Red Cross drive. The branch's quota had been \$900 but members voted that a \$1,000 cheque be sent to provincial headquarters as Coleman's donation to the Dominion drive. The balance will be used during the summer months to buy material for the work committee.

It was revealed that since the outbreak of war the local Polish society has collected over \$2,000 and since Russia entered the fray the local Russian society has collected over \$2,000.

Bills for Coleman Greenhouse, \$3; F. Abousaty \$1.50, and provincial headquarters for material to the value of \$199.35 were authorized paid.

Names of the presidents of the local Polish and Russian societies were added to the mailing list and will henceforth receive notices regarding Red Cross meetings.

A list of emergency material has been received from headquarters requesting that this material be made ready as soon as possible and stored in a convenient and central location. This request is being attended to by the work committee.

A cupboard is badly needed by the work committee to place finished articles. President Dutil was authorized to see if he could find one suitable for the purpose.

President Dutil in touching on the report on the recent canvass spoke highly of the magnificent work accomplished by the canvassers.

As the meeting drew to a close, Mrs. A. Walker, secretary for the past two years, resigned her position due to the fact that she will be leaving with her husband at the end of the week to take up residence at Vancouver. President Dutil voiced his regret at her departure and spoke highly of her good work as a secretary. Her resignation was received with regret. During the summer months, Treasurer J. A. Park will act as secretary.

It was decided to recess during July and August and start the regular meetings in September. Only in case of an emergency would a meeting be called during the summer.

Summit Lodge	\$1,037.33
L.O.B.A.	25.00
B.P.O.E.	10.00
Rebekah Lodge	10.00
Catholic Ladies' Aid	10.00
Girl Guides	2.00
Polish Society	10.00
Lions Club	20.00
Italian Society (Men)	5.00
Italian Society (Ladies)	5.00
Pythian Sisters	15.00
The Bridge Club	21.50
Eastern Star	15.00
Coleman Teachers	14.00
St. Paul's Sunday School	10.00
Coleman Bridge Club	12.85

GRAFTED TREE BLOOMS

Seven years ago Ronald Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jones, of Seventh street, grafted a Red Siberian tree with a crab apple tree and planted it in his yard. Two weeks ago the tree bloomed for the first time, and while Ronald no longer resides here but in Medicine Hat, where he is in training as a mechanic in the Army training school, he nevertheless is keenly interested in its growth. He has asked for a picture of the tree and hopes that it will bear fruit this year.

VANCOUVER TO HAVE A "LITTLE COLEMAN"

During the past few months more and more local people have moved and moved to Vancouver, where they have successfully gained employment and taken up residence. At the present time homes are being advertised for sale so that the owners might move to the Pacific coast, where they will endeavor to secure employment or find peaceful rest in their old age.

Due to the booming of war industries in and near Vancouver, jobs are seemingly plentiful and the lure of the big city has great attraction for the small town.



Pte. S. Gillies

Parade And Sports Day Scheduled For July 1

Canadian Legion Sponsors Parade and Sports Program; Business Houses Donate Generously to Finance Program; Peace and Medicine Hat R.A.F. to Play Exhibition Soccer Game.

Coleman, too, will have its July 1 sports day in keeping with thousands of cities and towns throughout the Dominion.

To honor the "Gentlemen in Khaki," members of the local branch of the Canadian Legion have been working feverishly during the past week to draw up a program which would rightfully confer the honor due to those men who have volunteered their services to fight for their country's freedom.

At 1 p.m. Wednesday, members of the R.A.F. from Pearce and Medicine Hat, the Air Cadets, Girl Guides, school children, fraternal societies, local citizens of European birth in national costume, Coleman band and Coleman pipe band will start a parade from central school grounds through main streets and then to the sports field.

Prizes will be given the neatest dressed and smartest appearing air cadet and girl guide. In the parade will also be decorated bicycles, a prize going to the owner of the best decorated machine.

The sports program includes bicycle and foot races. Special races will be held for the ladies and also for men over 50 years. All children will be given a treat at the sports ground.

One of the main events at the sports ground will be the presentation of two flags to the Canadian Legion. One is an Australian flag donated by a Coleman citizen and the second a silk R.C.A.F. flag donated by Imperial Tobacco Company. Just who will make the presentations and who will receive them on behalf of the Legion has not been determined.

The big attraction of the afternoon will be the exhibition soccer game between members of the R.A.F. at Medicine Hat and Pearce. Both these teams have first-class players on their respective lineups and one of the best games in years is expected to be played.

In the second place on the sports program will be softball games between the Elks and Lions and also games among the younger boys and girls.

Tags will be sold by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Canadian Legion, proceeds to aid the Soldiers' Comfort fund for Christmas parcels.

Further announcement will be made early next week to give citizens a copy of the program to be followed after all details have been arranged.



Spr. J. R. Cousins

Picobac

It's a mild..cool..
sweet smoke

GROWN IN SUNNY, SOUTHERN ONTARIO



Dominion Day

AS ANOTHER anniversary of the founding of our Dominion passes into history, Canadians may feel with pride that the hopes and visions of the men who brought about Confederation have been fulfilled. At no time in the seventy-five years since Confederation have world-shaking events been recorded in such quick succession as they have in this year. As a full-fledged nation, beside other freedom loving peoples of the world, Canada has taken her place in the grim struggle to maintain the principles on which our national unity is based. Freedom of speech, freedom of religion, the advancement of learning and the right of everyone to enjoy the privileges of a free citizen, these are the things which Canadians have always known and enjoyed and for which they are fighting to maintain.

A Milestone In History

The passing of this milestone in the history of our country finds Canadian soldiers, sailors and airmen in many parts of the world; in England, in Libya, Malta and Hong Kong. Many of them are guarding our own coasts. On farms and in factories across the country, workers are producing supplies for our armed forces and for those of our Allies. Because of our fortunate geographic position, and the watchful eye of the British Navy, we have so far been spared the horror of having war actually reach our shores. There have been submarines in the St. Lawrence River and some Japanese planes near the coast of Alaska, but as yet only those in our armed forces and their families have felt in any great degree, the real hardship of war.

Must Face The Future

The extra taxes, the rations and shortages of some commodities which we have experienced have affected our lives, but we as yet know nothing of the sacrifice and effort made by the people of England, Russia and China, or the horrors experienced by those living in the occupied countries. Canada has at the moment internal problems. There have been others in the past and there will doubtless be more in the future. Understanding and breadth of outlook by all those living in the Dominion, are essential in solving these problems. As they have risen to face and solve the many difficulties in building up the war effort, so Canadians must face and solve their internal difficulties. As we begin another year of our national life, we in Canada have much for which to be thankful, and many achievements to make us proud, and to give us courage to face the future.

Tried Camouflage

But Dummy Furnaces In Essen Did Not Deceive R.A.F.

German camouflage experts, fearful of raids on Essen, were revealed to have built many dummy blast furnaces some distance from Essen's main targets in an effort to deceive enemy raiders.

Joseph W. Grigg, Jr., former United Press manager in Berlin, who arrived in London after five months internment in Germany, said that the "ersatz" targets were built at Essen in the same manner that dummy "Berlins" were constructed.

"The blast furnaces of the Ruhr Valley, including those at Essen, Dortmund and Gelsenkirchen, were visible for miles at night because their flaming smokestacks were perfect beacons for bombers," Grigg said.

"To guard against this the Germans constructed a large number of dummy blast furnaces, belching smoke and flames at night like the real ones in an attempt to deceive the R.A.F. bombers."

Money From Salvage

Nova Scotia Fishermen Were Paid Nice Sum For Work

Goods salvaged from a merchant ship which ran aground off Nova Scotia netted fishermen \$25,000, H. N. M. Stanbury, provincial salvage organizer, said. Tons of lard, in cases, barrels and floating free on the surface like miniature ice floes, were garnered by the fishermen, in addition to tires and war supplies of many kinds. One fisherman alone, it was reported, received \$1,549 in salvage bolls for his few weeks' work.

Pago-Pago is a United States port in Samoa.

MAKE SURE YOUR Flashlight CONTAINS

BURGESS FLASHLIGHT BATTERIES

Burgess One-Gal. Flashlight Batteries Produce More Electric Energy - And Last Longer

LOOK FOR THE BLACK AND WHITE STRIPES ON THE BATTERY

The Individual Citizen's Army

A Weekly Column About This And That In The Canadian Army.
By Alan Maurice Irwin

National unity is a term that has been loosely, often much too loosely, interpreted to mean the interrelation of English and French speaking Canadians. So generally accepted has this interpretation become that most of us seem to have forgotten that national unity is non-existent so long as the tribulations of Canadians in any of the provinces are not shared by Canadians in the other provinces.

What prompts this sermonizing is the recent flurry over the reduction of the gasoline rationing unit in the Maritime Provinces from five gallons to two due to a shortage which by the time this reaches print may have disappeared. There was a perfectly natural feeling down east that it was not fair that Maritimers should be on "short commons" when drivers in the other six provinces still could obtain their full ration.

Ottawa answered by pointing out reasons that fully justified the reduction. All of this is a preamble to the charge that we are failing to live up to our privilege of serving in the ranks of the Individual Citizen's Army.

How? It should be obvious! Have we in the central and western parts of the country any moral right to five gallons of gasoline when because of transportation or any other difficulties, fellow privates in our behind the lines army—who are much closer to actual warfare and potential attack—have to be reduced to two gallons.

Why if there is a true national unity do we not spare the public embarrassment of Ministers we employ to govern us by voluntarily reducing our consumption of gasoline to the lowest level forced upon any geographical section of the Dominion?

Citizens of countries where "verboten" is a familiar word read garbled accounts of our provincial differences, accounts that are magnified to the point of making some of us appear to be "oppressed minorities" when such stories are published. But the fact that such stories are published is the fault of the citizens who fail to give the lead to those they have set in authority.

We cheerfully and voluntarily ration ourselves in the use of tea, coffee, and sugar. Why not ration ourselves in the use of gasoline? If we can drink our fewer cups of tea and coffee unsweetened why can't we walk a mile or two and save the gasoline we would have used for war uses?

Across this country from coast to coast business experts are devoting their talents to the working out of a system of price and supply control that will spare us the horrors of inflation and maintain stocks of essential war goods for our fighting forces. Some of these men serve without pay, the others—away from their normal occupations—sacrifice the normal advancements and promotions they could expect if they stayed in their own jobs.

These men don't enjoy restricting and controlling their neighbours—it takes a Nazi mentality to enjoy that sort of thing—and they welcome action on the part of Canadians that makes their work easier.

Why can't we then, who are all out to win the war in the best way we can, make rationing and control unnecessary. Surely we can stint ourselves for the common good!

The soldier who leaves a \$150 a month job to volunteer to serve in uniform for (in the case of a single man) a little more than half of that amount has voluntarily rationed himself much more severely than we have been called upon.

Sugar, tea, coffee, gasoline and tires, as this is written, are the only rationed commodities. It's funny how some of them tie in with each other. The use of less sugar reduces the "spare tires" some of us carry around. The use of less gasoline increases the life of "spare tires" we cannot replace.

Have you joined the Reserve Army yet? Encouraging signs are visible in some parts of the country since this workable body was set up to give those ineligible for active service overseas a chance to train themselves for home defence but I have not heard any commanding officer say yet that he can't handle any more recruits.

That's another branch of the Individual Citizen's Army!

There are no "national" holidays in the United States. Each state has jurisdiction over the holidays to be observed.

Conditions On Jap Ships

Living Quarters So Crowded Disease Is Prevalent Among Troops
The Communist newspaper New China Daily News published an article said to have been written by a Japanese prisoner of war declaring that "poor nutrition and sleeping quarters more than counter-balance the heavier guns and higher speed of Japanese warships."

"Most Japanese sailors are crowded on lower decks," the article said. "Japanese naval officers scoff at American and British warships as tourist boats, but the Japanese seamen have no love for their own slave runners."

"For example, more than 1,000 out of 1,500 members of the crew of the Japanese battleship Hyuga, completed in 1918, were housed on lower decks in bunks which take up even the passages. The sailors sleep rubbing shoulders with each other. The foul air causes a number of diseases, mostly pleurisy and weak lungs."

A number of collisions groundings and explosions aboard Japanese warships resulted from decreased efficiency caused by the poor living conditions, the article stated. It said known instances included a collision of the Hyuga and a submarine off Western Japan and an explosion aboard a cruiser of the Myoko class. The Japanese navy has a dread of air attacks, the article added, because most of the deck armor has been sacrificed for more guns and higher speed.

AIR TRAINING PLAN

LIST OF GRADUATES

The following students graduated under the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan from:

No. 7 Bombing and Gunnery School, Poolton, Manitoba. (Air Gunners)—
Sgt. D. Dent, 600-13 St. W., Prince Albert, Sask.

Sgt. I. Ferguson, Eremore, Alta.
Sgt. M. Gray, Donnelly, Alta.
Sgt. E. P. Lachman, 225-6th Ave. W., Calgary, Alta.
Sgt. O. J. Latos, Watson, Sask.
Sgt. J. G. McNeil, St. Vincent, Sask.
Sgt. J. Quail, 22-1st St., Medicine Hat, Alta.

No. 5 Bombing and Gunnery School, Dafoe, Sask. (Air Gunners)—
L/C. J. A. Castle, 10212-125 St., 134-meridian, Alta.
L/C. G. E. Prosser, 232-12th St. E., Prince Albert, Sask.
L/C. R. J. Hoeker, Erieffery, Sask.
L/C. P. H. Jonsson, Post 275, Baldur, Man.

L/C. S. Knorr, 902 Manitoba Ave., Winnipeg, Man.
L/C. J. D. McMillan, Lorette, Man.
L/C. J. E. McFoy, Rizzler, Sask.
L/C. A. J. P. Norman, 150-10th St. E., Brandon, Man.
L/C. L. L. Peterson, Theodore, Sask.
L/C. A. V. Tanaka, 347 Burrans Ave., Winnipeg, Man.

No. 5 Bombing and Gunnery School, Dafoe, Sask. (Air Observers)—
L/C. D. R. Fisher, East Coode, Alta.
No. 12 Service Flying Training School, Brandon, Manitoba. (Pilots)—
L/C. S. Knorr, Post 275, Baldur, Man.
L/C. V. Tanaka, 347 Burrans Ave., Winnipeg, Man.

No. 10 Service Flying Training School, Dauphin, Manitoba. (Pilots)—
L/C. A. R. Dows, Estom, Sask.
L/C. H. G. H. Johnston, 31-5th St., S.E., Dauphin, Man.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

EXPECTANCY

All earthly delights are sweeter in expectation than in enjoyment, but all spiritual pleasures more in fruition than in expectation.—Feltman.

We part more easily with what we possess than with our expectations of what we hope for: expectation always goes beyond enjoyment.—Home.

When the destination is desirable, expectation speeds our progress.—Mary Baker Eddy.

With regard to one's work the desirable feeling is always to expect to succeed and never to think you have succeeded.—Thomas Arnold.

The little don vanishes from the sight of him who looks forward to what is still to do.—Goethe.

By every part of our nature we class things above us, one after another, not for the sake of remaining where we take hold, but that we may go higher.—H. W. Beecher.

LOAD IS LIGHTER

The Canadian army is reducing the load carried by foot-slogging infantrymen carried maximum of only 40 pounds, including clothes, weapons and kit. It speeded up movement. In the first great war, old soldiers say, infantry lugged upwards of 90 pounds.

Buy War Savings Certificates.



EAT 'EM SLOW...
EAT 'EM FAST...
CRISP
EVERY SPOONFUL...
FIRST TO LAST!

Kellogg's RICE KRISPIES

"Rice Krispies" is a registered trade mark of Kellogg Company of Canada Limited, for its brand of oven-popped rice. Get some today!

SO CRISP THEY C-R-A-C-K-L-E IN CREAM!

GOOD FIGURING

A girl of twenty who contemplates marrying a man of forty, says a clergyman, should remember that when she is forty he will be sixty. It is, of course, better for a girl of forty to marry a man of twenty—then they'll reach sixty round about the same time.

SPIDERS ARE STARVED

Spiders, their webs used for gun sights because of extraordinary strength and fine texture, are playing their part in the war. Starvation for two days makes them produce a web of even thickness which is split by hand to one-third original thickness.

The Bank of Sweden, founded in 1668, claims to be the oldest bank of issue in the world.

Ireland is the seventh largest island in the world, with 22,600 square miles of area.

Mosquitoes BREATHE DEADLY VAPOUR

TOX FLY-TOX

● Insects breathe through pores in their bodies. A touch of deadly Fly-Tox mist kills them instantly. Yet Fly-Tox is harmless to humans and pets. It costs less because it takes less to kill. Fly-Tox is your best home defense against mosquitoes and all insect pests. Sold by leading grocery stores, hardware and department stores.

HOME DEFENSE AGAINST INSECTS

Presto!

... a slight pull and one generous sized sheet is in your hand ready for use

The HANDY ECONOMICAL SELF SERVING PACK

HERE IS A LIGHT WEIGHT WAXED PAPER ECONOMICAL TO USE, WITH THE ADDED ADVANTAGE OF A SELF-SERVING PACK.

HANG IT ON THE KITCHEN WALL LET IT SERVE YOU FAITHFULLY.

Presto PACK

WAXED TISSUE PAPER

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED

HAMILTON · TORONTO · MONTREAL

THE FALL OF TOBRUK IS CONCEDED TO BE A BLOW OF SERIOUS PROPORTIONS

London.—The papers told the news of Tobruk's fall in brutally frank headlines such as "Disaster at Tobruk" and editorial pages were almost unanimous in demand for an explanation.

The Mirror, frequent government critic, asks: "What has happened to bring about this crisis? The public will want to know and they are entitled to know."

The Times said: "The loss of many thousands of prisoners at Tobruk together with equipment is inconceivably a disaster."

The Times suggested cautiously that the British Middle East army needs radical innovations in tactical method and mechanical design, in order to throw Rommel out again.

The Daily Telegraph said: "Tobruk, once the name of pride, now brings stern questioning."

Lord Beaverbrook's Daily Express avoided direct criticism of the government but pointed out Tobruk's loss as "a disaster for the defenders of Egypt and a great blow to the hopes of this nation."

The only comfort editorial writers drew from the latest setback was the reaction of the British public would be one of determination rather than depression.

Analyzing implications of the defeat, the Daily Herald—calling it a "grave, humiliating disaster to British arms . . . we can erase only by titanic struggle—said Britain's grip on the Mediterranean was further enfeebled, her power to strike at Italy reduced and her task of defending Egypt and Suez made more difficult."

The Daily Herald added: "And one of our most important contributions to Allied strategy—the provision of a potential menace to the Nazi forces in Southern Russia—has, for the time being at least, sharply fallen in value."

"Let us pray the Western second front, when it comes into operation, will be organized with vastly better appreciation of the enemy's capacity than we have shown in Libya. . . . We have been outweped and outwitted. . . . But the fullest allowance for the difficulties does not remove the impression there has been some mighty blundering on a scale Britain does not dare indulge."

It said the common citizen was gripped by "official over-optimism," and declared: "This means either there is still a dangerous weakness in our intelligence service or else that those directing the military effort persist, even to this day, in underestimating the enemy."

FASCISTS TROUBLES

Talk of Purging The Party Of Weak Members

New York.—The German radio reported that lively discussions are under way in Italy on the question of purging the Fascist party of members who are mere "ballast."

It said the matter was first broached by the Italian minister of education and now had been taken up by the leading Fascist monthly magazine "Gerarchia," which said the party was "full of people who joined it without inner conviction" and that mass admission had "proved only too often a burden."

PRIME MINISTER CHURCHILL'S DRAMATIC TRIP TO THE U.S. IS CAUSE OF MUCH SPECULATION

London.—Prime Minister Churchill's dramatic trip to the United States to confer with President Roosevelt sent a fresh wave of second-front speculation over Britain.

The prime minister's trans-Atlantic dash to America, the second in seven months, meant only one thing to the man in the street—an offensive in 1942.

With traditional British caution sources close to the government sought to tone down the import of the visit. They termed it "strictly business," but unofficial circles were unanimous in the opinion that the Roosevelt-Churchill talks would produce "big things."

The identity of the men who accompanied the prime minister gave a tip-off to the possible subject of the talks.

The subjects to be discussed by

SEND RELIEF SUPPLIES

Shipment For Prisoners Of War At Hong Kong Goes Forward

Ottawa.—The department of external affairs announced that relief supplies for Canadian and Allied prisoners of war and internees in the Hong Kong area are going forward on the diplomatic exchange ship which has just sailed from New York for Lourenco Marques, Portuguese East Africa.

At Lourenco Marques, the department said, the supplies will be transferred to the Japanese exchange ship to be taken to Japan where they will be delivered to the International Red Cross delegate. He will arrange for their shipment to Hong Kong and distribution.

"The agreement with the Japanese government is reciprocal and the exchange ship from Japan will carry supplies for Japanese nationals in the United States, Canada and elsewhere," the statement said.

The arrangements made by Canadian and American Red Cross societies in collaboration with government departments concerned over "the sending forward of surgical and medical supplies, food, tobacco, clothing and comforts."

Pending arrival of these supplies at Hong Kong, the International Red Cross delegate in China is taking over from the American Red Cross "certain large stocks of cereals and medical supplies" at Hong Kong and Shanghai and is placing them at the disposal of the local authorities for the benefit of war prisoners and civilian internees.

Among the prisoners of war at Hong Kong are more than 1,600 members of the Canadian garrison force which took part in the unsuccessful defence of that Far East colony. The Japanese announced after Hong Kong's fall last Christmas Day that 1,688 Canadian soldiers had been taken prisoners, and a few subsequently were reported to have died while in Japanese custody.

SITUATION EASED

Canada Said To Have Passed Acute Beef Shortage Period

Winnipeg.—S. F. Grisdale, deputy food administrator, wartime prices and trade board, said in an interview here he is confident Canada has passed the most acute period in beef shortages. En route to Ottawa after a tour of western centres, he said there is no scarcity of beef west of Winnipeg. Equalization of prices with United States markets had made it just as profitable for the farmer to sell his stock for domestic use as to export them.

SHORTAGE FILLED

Soldier-Loggers Are Going Into British Columbia's Spruce Camps

Vancouver.—C. S. Henley, special representative here for the national selective service board, announced that labor shortages in British Columbia's vital spruce camps had been filled by soldier-loggers given six months' leave from the forces and that a similar plan to fill labor gaps in war industries is in the tentative stage.

COST IS MOUNTING

Britain Now Spending \$84,250,000 Every Week For War Purposes
London.—The House of Commons voted a new £1,000,000,000 (\$4,450,000,000) credit for war purposes at the request of Sir Kingsley Wood, chancellor of the exchequer, who said it brought Britain's total authorizations during "the costliest war in history" to £10,650,000,000 (\$44,700,000,000).

Britain's rate of government expenditure recently has risen to \$84,250,000 a week, Sir Kingsley added. He said that votes of credit already given, not counting the new request, exceeded the total of those granted from 1914 to 1919 by £300,000,000.

"This is by far the costliest war in history but this does not dismay us," declared the chancellor. "There will be no faltering in the financial or any other sphere."

"It is two years ago," the chancellor added, "since we left behind the actual highest rate of expenditure at any one time in the last Great War."

Even in the past year, he observed, the daily expenditure had increased by £2,000,000.

TO PAY FOR CRIMES

London.—The Czech-Slovakian government, meeting under the chairmanship of President Eduard Benes, resolved that all Germans, from Hitler down to the last Elite guard and Nazi storm trooper, "responsible for crimes committed in Czechoslovakia will not escape their well-deserved punishment" after the war.

The King Inspects American Warships



King George is shown, right, with Admiral Harold R. Stark, commander of the U.S. naval forces in European waters, as His Majesty visited aboard the U.S. flagship during his visit to the home fleet. The King was inspecting the honor guard of American sailors when the photo was made. This was the first intimation that the United States has heavy naval units working in co-operation with the British navy in waters adjacent to Britain and probably engaged in keeping open the northern supply line to Russia.

The Bombers Of Cologne



The R.A.F., already the darling of the British Empire, which they undoubtedly saved after the fall of France, reached a new pinnacle since its raid upon the Cologne industrial centre and the promised "1,000-bombers-a-day-over-Germany." The upper photo, made after the Cologne bombing, shows a group of the pilots who participated with some of the W.A.A.F. map-makers who prepared their charts. The lower photo shows three of the gunners of one of the huge Stirling bombers, about to light up after returning to their base.

RIDES TO WORK



The owner of four cars with two others housed at his estate, Lamont du Pont, chairman of the board of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Co. lives up to the gas ration program laid down by the government by riding to work on a bicycle.

KILLED IN AIR RAID

Somewhere in England.—Benjamin Haylor, his wife and five daughters were killed during an air raid on a northeast town.

DURING THE PAST YEAR THE ROYAL AIR FORCE HAS TAKEN HEAVY TOLL OF NAZI SHIPPING

London.—The Royal Air Force has sunk or damaged over 750,000 tons of German shipping in the last year of attacks on Adolf Hitler's supply lines to his so far passive "second front" stretching around western and northern Europe, a compilation of official reports shows.

Almost daily throughout the year the R.A.F.'s coastal command bombers blasted ships in tenuous sea communications upon which Germany depends heavily to sustain the 39 or so divisions held in readiness for the opening of a western front by the Allies.

The Germans have used convoys of small ships hugging the coasts to ease the strain on badly overworked and run down railroad supply lines for the occupation armies in Norway, Holland, Belgium and France.

Germany's merchant shipping at the outbreak of the war totalled only 4,500,000 tons. The loss or disablement of considerably more than 750,000 tons in a year unquestionably placed an imposing strain on German shippers whose entire resources are needed for submarine construction.

On the basis of individual announcements and R.A.F. communications, at least 84 German ships of various sizes were sunk or probably sunk on the coastal lanes in the last year. The tonnage of many was not announced, but the conservative estimate no less than 250,000 tons must have been sent to the bottom or permanently put out of action.

Damaged German ships totalled at least 220, with an aggregate tonnage estimated at 600,000. Considered in the light of Germany's known transport crisis, the steady toll exacted from the convoys obviously constituted a formidable menace to the sprawling communications system.

R.A.F. announcements showed that in the first two weeks of the coastal command's spring offensive last month, 28 German ships were sunk or damaged off the Norwegian, Danish and Dutch coasts.

Day after day Beaufighter reconnaissance planes spy on the coastal routes for German vessels attempting to sneak through. If the hunt is successful and the weather favorable, they are followed by Hudson bombers.

Ships bound for Norway carry munitions, aircraft spares, and supplies as well as equipment for the new German naval base at Trondheim where warships lurk to attack Allied convoys bound for Russia. They also carry supplies for the German garrison on the Murmansk front. Usually the ships return with iron ore, timber, wood pulp and pyrites for German arms factories.

RUSSIA EXPRESSES APPROVAL OF NEW AGREEMENT REACHED WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND U.S.

Moscow.—Thundering a vote of complete confidence, the Supreme Soviet, at its first wartime session, ceremoniously approved the Anglo-Russian Treaty after hearing Foreign Commissar Vyacheslav Molotov express the deep hope that the "common enemy soon will feel on his own skin the mighty blows" of Russia, Britain and the United States.

Molotov told the cheering Russian parliament, as Premier-Defence Commissar Joseph Stalin nodded agreement, that the question of a second front in Europe was given "serious attention" both in London and in Washington. In the latter city Molotov concluded a full understanding with the United States on the war and on post-war problems.

(The three great world powers announced on June 11 that they had reached complete understandings on "the urgent tasks of creating a second front in Europe in 1942.")

Molotov disclosed that President Roosevelt had cabinet an invitation to the trip which resulted in the Washington agreement.

"He told the Supreme Soviet that the Washington agreement would accelerate and increase deliveries to the Soviet Union in spite of the damaging Axis attacks on convoys destined for Murmansk and Archangel, Soviet Arctic ports.

He declared that although several Allied ships had been sunk en route to the Soviet Union, such attacks had not prevented increased deliveries.

Stalin, in his first public appearance of the war, received a three-minute ovation which was stopped when a bell rang.

Standing behind Stalin, in full view of the parliament, were Marshal Klement Voroshilov, hero of the Leningrad stand, and now commander of Russia's Far Eastern forces.

FOR WAR PRISONERS
Halifax.—The Canadian Red Cross is packing 40,000 boxes a week for British prisoners of war and is trying to reach an objective of 70,000 a week. Mrs. Wallace Campbell, O.B.E., national war work convenor of the Canadian Red Cross, told Red Cross workers here.

DEBATE STILL ON

India's Leaders Cannot Agree On Move For Independence

New Delhi, India.—Discussions which might have a tremendous effect on war operations in this part of the world are in progress at Wardha between Mohandas K. Gandhi and other major leaders of the All-India Congress party.

After several days of conferences on whether steps should be taken to help or hinder the British war effort, three participants, Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the congress president, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, could only say they were exploring one another's minds.

Both Azad and Nehru admittedly had disagreed on many points with Gandhi. Some observers say Nehru and Azad also disagree between themselves. All are agreed on one aim— independence. But a major issue is whether to attempt to achieve it immediately or to defer a showdown until the menace of Japanese invasion has abated.

Gandhi's contemplated course is another big issue. He has announced intentions of launching a new movement to be "felt by the whole world" and certain "to engage British attention" even if it perhaps does not interfere with British military operations.

Many veteran observers in India, both Indians and Occidentals, expressed belief that Gandhi, facing sharp factional disputes within the All-India Congress party, was planning a deliberate clash with the authorities, with the attendant possibilities of jail and hunger strike. Gandhi has used these means before not only to revitalize his following but to re-focus attention on himself.

HUT FOR SERVICEMEN

London.—A new type of hut for servicemen is made of wood shavings and sawdust mixed with cement using a minimum amount of steel and timber for supports.

Portland Oregonian: "The Hawaiian language has only a dozen letters." With these, though, it has been possible to write innumerable songs, all of which turn out to be "Aloha."

DIRECTORY

BUY from those firms whose cards appear under this heading. They are loyal supporters of Coleman institutions and merit your business.

SUMMIT LODGE

No. 30, A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings held first Thursday of each month at 8 p.m. Visiting Brethren cordially invited.

J. A. Park, W.M.

Maurice W. Cooke, Secretary.

Grand Union Hotel

Modern Fully Licensed

Coffee Shop In Connection

L. S. RICHARDS — Manager

MODERN ELECTRIC

RADIO REPAIRS—
RADIO TUBES—
FREE TESTING—

Electric Wiring and Alterations

Westinghouse Dealer

We Sell Everything for a Building

Excel Builders' Supply Co.

J. S. D'APOLLONIA

General Manager

We do Everything Phone 263

EAT AT

COLEMAN CAFE

BEST MEALS IN TOWN

— Reasonable Prices —

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

PAINTER

Paper Hanger — Decorator
Pattern Book on Request

LAL. SNOWDON

INSURANCE

FIRE - ACCIDENT
AUTOMOBILE

Robt. R. Pattinson

PHONE 180

We are
AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTORS



J. M. CHALMERS
Jeweler

- O - K -

RUBBER STAMPS

PROMPT SERVICE

Local Agents

THE COLEMAN JOURNAL

DENTIST

DR. J. W. SUMMERS
9 a.m. to 12—2 p.m. 10 to 5 p.m.
Evenings by Appointment
Offices in Morrison Block
Phone . . . 255

There are only two ways to have few hills: 1. Contract few. 2. Pay promptly.

Even the prettiest girl tries to make herself prettier, and generally she succeeds, too. There ought to be a moral in that.

Advertising acts as a tonic to any head of business enterprise—large or small.

"The Voice of Coleman"

-- EDITORIAL PAGE --

THE COLEMAN JOURNAL

Published Every Thursday at Coleman, Alberta. Membership in Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and Alberta Div. C.W.N.A.
H. T. Halliwell, Proprietor.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Grievous Disappointment Over Libya

Just when hopes had been built up on the progress of the United Nations campaign in Libya, in which two weeks ago the German forces were reported to have been trapped by Lieutenant-General Neil Ritchie's 8th Army, came the blasting news of the surrender of that vital Mediterranean base, Tobruk, stronghold which both sides have fought for, during the past eighteen months.

The reverse has aroused a storm of criticism and demands for a searching enquiry. The British people and allies of the United Nations want to know the facts, and rightly so. The optimistic build-ups on various phases of the world-wide war and the part Allied Nations are playing have in many instances created optimism and a certain degree of complacency in the minds of peoples far removed from the scenes of combat. Such propaganda is harmful, for it raises hopes which are suddenly squashed and bitter disappointment and criticism against those in high places results. Our armies in North Africa have again been set back with disastrous losses in men and equipment.

Throughout the war, Prime Minister Churchill has never built up hopes of an early end to the war. He has warned against undue optimism and complacency, repeatedly in his public addresses stating that we will suffer reverses as well as victories. His dogged determination in the face of strong criticism has inspired the United Nations in this life and death struggle for supremacy between the forces of Totalitarianism and Democracy.

It must be remembered that Great Britain stood alone for a considerable time after the war started in 1939, when the nation was unprepared for a world war, and reviewing the circumstances it is miraculous that the United Kingdom was not subdued, when it had a very small air force, when the phrase was coined that "we owe so much to so few," referring to those gallant fighters who faced the might of the vastly superior German air force.

We will continue to give all we have in resources to overcome the savagery of the Axis powers. The Canadian Army in Britain and the United States army in Northern Ireland are impatient to come to grips with the enemy, and there is no doubt that invasion of the continent will come when plans are fully matured. The presence of these vast forces, though at present confined to Britain and Ireland, is a constant menace to Hitler. The time will surely come when they will show their worth against the German hordes.

It is not the men in the field or in the air who fall short in this war. It is their's to do and die, the same as it has ever been, no matter what the blunders may be of the higher-ups. The fact is evident that German efficiency and ability to reinforce its army in Libya has cancelled the effect of Britain's early successes in that theatre of war, won at heavy cost. It would appear that the intelligence staff was misinformed, or that sufficient preparation and organization of heavy tanks and other war material were not provided. Chances have to be taken in war, but few of the chances Britain has taken in the bigger stages of the war have resulted in success to our side.

Army Week—In Honor of the Fighting Men

Rightly so, the Army is to be honored by a blaze of publicity and appreciation. The glamor of the Air Force put into partial eclipse the honor and credit which men of the infantry, the artillery and other branches of the Army deserve. The privates, the gunners, the sappers, the "Tommy Atkins" of our Canadian Army are at last to receive public acclaim in Army Week.

Reading some of the letters from Canadian soldiers quartered in England brings home the appreciation with which they receive those small comforts such as cigarettes, chewing gum, razor blades and other articles which cost little to the senders but mean much to them in a country which of necessity is so strictly rationed that those things we have in plenty are valued as luxuries over there.

Here is a message copied from Maclean's Magazine, published in an advertisement by a prominent firm of distillers:

WRITE AN ARMY WEEK LETTER TO YOUR NEIGHBOR'S SOLDIER SON

Whether he is camped in the next county or fighting on some distant front, the neighbor boy in service would welcome a letter from you.

As a ten-year-old he may not have been the person you picked for praise. Perhaps he was not above swiping an apple . . . or inventing fresh devilments for Hallowe'en . . . or pitching a pebble at your prize rooster.

Let us hope that he was really a bit on the mischievous side. Let us hope so with considerable fervor. His daring and resourcefulness and accuracy of aim—now suddenly matured in the great cause—are what we are all counting on.

Write the lad a letter to make him less lonely—to show him that you know he is at work on a man's job.

Next Wednesday is Dominion Day, the 75th anniversary of Confederation of Canada. Canada has developed from a colony of Great Britain to a full-fledged nation with self government, and as one of the Allied Nations is engaged in the all-out war for Democracy. It has many sects who do not realize that they, too have duties of citizenship to perform in return for living in a Democratic land. Richard J. Needham's articles in The Calgary Herald bring out some interesting sidelights in reviewing the lives and activities of the 13,000 people of the Hutterite, Mennonite and Doukhobor settlements.

Example of "Army's" War Work Told in Feature Story by Halifax Editor

(by Eric R. Dennis, City Editor
Halifax Herald)

Halifax—High officials of the auxiliary services for the armed forces at this crossroads of Empire pulled their chairs up to the conference table and got down to business.

They had a problem that required outside help. Captain Alastair MacKinnon, Divisional Auxiliary Officer, explained it. Provision had to be made, quickly, to care for a large force of servicemen who had just arrived in the city.

The Divisional Commander of The Salvation Army didn't hesitate when he was asked what his organization could do to help. The men and women in the dark blue uniforms, he said, would do their best—as they had so often done before in human emergencies in this war and the last . . .

The Superintendent of The Army's war service hostel here, went to work the next morning and in twenty-four hours, had set up a fully-manned and stocked canteen at the place designated.

Light lunches, hot drinks, candy bars, soft drinks, cigarettes and other provisions were waiting when they were needed.

It was intended for a few days emergency, but before The Salvation Army was able to close its shutters, a week had passed and the "serving army" was still carrying on to meet the human needs they saw.

Women members of this organization, already heavily burdened with war work, volunteered for this extra service and donned aprons to cater to the uniformed men and civilians behind the counters—working from ten in the morning till ten at night.

Men from all parts of the globe were their patrons—Poles, Belgians, Jamaicans, British, American and Canadians. And when they moved on, they left behind their warm tributes to the work of the Salvation Army.

Officers of the Polish Legion, largely from the American continent, left a letter. "As a token of your service I am offering a most valued gift of remembrance, an emblem representing the Eagle of the Polish Army. . . . In closing, we tell you we will never forget the hearty services you gave, service of the most human kind. Three cheers for The Salvation Army."

R. K. Tice, of Allentown, Pennsylvania, wrote: "To a dear and understanding friend, my most sincere appreciation. You will never know the peace and rest our many little chats have caused me to know. God bless you."

The cases mentioned run into millions. During one three-month period recently, 108,550 members of the armed forces visited the two Red Shield war service hostels in Halifax. Many of them were not Canadians. But more significant than figures is this remark: "Whether he is broke or his pockets lined with bills, a serviceman is never turned away from a door with The Salvation Army name on it."

CREDIT RISKS

We asked a friend of ours who is head of a department in a large retail establishment, how he decides to give a new purchaser credit when requested to do so. He gave us three types that will bear watching:

(a) Those who walk heavily or with a stamp.

(b) Those with a cast in their eyes.

(c) Those who make a habit of carrying the Bible under their arm in a way that others may see it easily.

We asked a banker if he had any taboos. He said he had two definitely:

(a) Never lend money to a politician.

(b) Nor to a business man engaged in uplift.

We are making no comments on these observations. We are simply re-stating them.—Crofts Review.

"A woman's promise to meet you at a certain time carries a lot of wait."—Sam Hartford.

months.
The first meeting was on February 10. In all, 10 meetings were held, with the following work being done: 7 quilts cut, made and quilted; 1 completed quilt top donated; 1 quilt top ready for quilting; patches for one quilt cut; 2 quilts tied; 15 baby gowns cut and sewn; 24 baby gowns cut and sewn; 60 baby gowns cut and sewn; 1 pair pyjamas sewn; 6 pillow cases sewn; 60 towels cut.

PIGEON CLUB NOTES

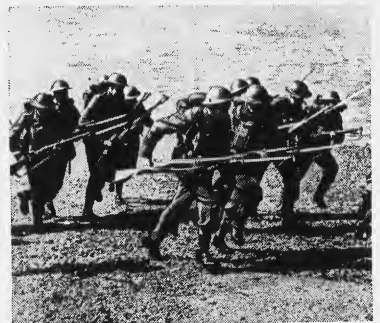
Last week-end a shipment of 28 old birds was sent to Maple Creek, a distance of 231 miles airline. J. Anderson clocked in the winning bird with Charlie Makin runner-up.

Six Vancouver birds were received here this week for liberation but due to unfavorable weather conditions were held over for 24 hours. Clearing weather allowed the birds to be released on Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH

Rev. J. R. Hague, A.Th., Incumbent
2 p.m., Sunday school.
7 p.m., evensong and sermon.

Army Week—June 29-July 5 Honor The GENTLEMEN IN KHAKI



Invite a soldier to your home. Write your husband or son, or if they are not in the army, write your neighbor's son.

Send them Parcels, letters and papers. Let them know they are continually in your thoughts.

Let's Show Our Appreciation to The
Men in Khaki
THE ARMY MUST FINISH THE JOB!

(This space kindly donated by)

McGillivray Creek Coal & Coke Co., Ltd.
and
International Coal & Coke Co., Ltd.

It's the
CANADIAN
way!

Buy WAR SAVINGS
CERTIFICATES
Every Week!

Space donated by the
BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Agriculture Carried on Bravely In Wartime Britain Under Great Difficulties

This is the 14th in a series of articles on conditions in Wartime Britain and parts of Europe, written for the weekly newspapers of Canada by their own representative, Hugh Tompkins, of the Fergus News-Record.

No doubt many readers of Canadian weekly newspapers would like to know something of agriculture in wartime Britain, and how the farmer fares. Travelling with a group of editors of city papers, I had not as much opportunity to study farming conditions as I would have liked, but I was able to pick up a good deal of information in trips outside London.

The farmers in Britain fill just as important a place as the soldiers or the munition workers. One hears that said sometimes of Canadian farmers, but while there may be some decrease in Canada, there is none in England and Scotland.

Before the war, more than half the food consumed in Britain was imported, either from Denmark and other European countries, or from Canada and other places across the oceans. Not only that, but some of the fodder for animals was imported and a large part of the chicken and hog feed. The people of Britain must eat. All imports from Europe have been cut off, except occasional shipments of oranges from Spain and Portugal. All imported food must be brought from Canada or farther away. That costs money and lives. Shipping space is precious. It cannot be used for animal foods or bulky articles such as packaged breakfast cereals. And every ton of extra food that can be produced in Britain is desperately needed. Cost has become a secondary consideration.

Farmers Told What To Raise. A few months before the war actually started, a bonus of some \$8.00 an acre was offered to farmers for every acre of new land brought under cultivation.

A Canadian, travelling in England for the first time, gets the idea that every acre of land is in use. There are no unsightly fence-corners. For that matter, there are few fences. Evidently wood and fencing materials are scarce and so hedges are used. Most fields are smaller than in this country and the farms all look neat and tidy. But evidently, there was much waste land, not only on large estates but on small farms. Swampy pieces have been drained; meadows that were in grass for hundreds of years have been turned over by the plow and actually millions of acres of extra land are cultivated.

What the farmer grows on his land in wartime is not left to his judgment. Every county has its War Agricultural Committee, and these, in turn, appoint committees in all districts. These committees are not made up of politicians, but of working farmers, land owners and farm workers. The agricultural colleges have been closed, and professors and other experts serve as full-time advisers on these committees.

Every farmer is interviewed every year or oftener. He is told what he must grow. The committee may even go to his fields, telling him what to plant in each field.

That sounds drastic, and is drastic. Actually, in practice, the system is largely voluntary, because nearly all farmers are willing and anxious to co-operate as a patriotic duty. They pride themselves that they still live in a democratic country and because their own neighbors are on the committees, the plan works largely as a voluntary co-operation. But to an outsider it looks rather different. If a farmer will not co-operate, the committee has power to force him to do so. If he is entirely incompetent to produce more, he may be taken from his farm. A few rugged individuals have even gone to jail.

Essential Foods Come First. If the British farmer does not produce more, many people will go hungry and some may starve. Therefore, the committees concentrate on the production of those foods which will go farthest toward feeding as many as possible, and they try to cut out waste of all kinds. Wheat and potato production seems to have soared. Oats are largely grown and alfalfa seemed to me to be a favorite crop. The growing season last year was excellent, with a damp summer and a long, sunny autumn. The second crop of hay and alfalfa was excellent.

I saw strange objects in many of the fields, which I took to be stacks of hay or grain wound around with what looked like tar paper and netting. I learned that they were temporary silos. Emphasis is being put on ensilage as

the best method of producing the most cattle feed.

There are other makeshifts. A process has been discovered for making a pulpy feed out of straw on farms with sufficient water supply. Straw or chaff is cut up, soaked in caustic soda solution and then washed for a long time in running water. It takes the place of turnips. School children are paid to gather acorns to feed to the pigs.

Quality of Farm Stock Improved. Live stock is controlled by the committees as thoroughly as field crops. For instance, an attempt has been made to weed out inferior cows, lessening the number, while keeping up the milk supply. Sheep are also considered essential. Hogs have been reduced drastically in numbers. They used much imported feed. So did the chickens. Besides, it doesn't take so long to build up their numbers again. Ah a result, pork and eggs are very scarce. All owners of poultry flocks with more than 50 birds must sell their eggs to the Government. They get a certain wheat

ration in return. Those with less than 50 hens can dispose of the eggs as they like. Many towns and village families keep a few hens, or even a pig feeding them the scraps. Or a pig may be kept by a "club," with several neighbors providing scraps and having a share in the hog.

The number of tractors in use in England surprised me. Many of them were made in Canada. In a country where gasoline and fuel oil are decidedly scarce, I did not expect to see so many tractors, but this was another evidence of the desperate need of food. Private cars have almost disappeared from the road but tractors are kept going long hours.

There is one handicap which those farmers close to airports or along the main roads suffer, which might not be thought of by one who had not seen their countryside. These fields are full of traps for planes and sometimes for tanks as well. These are of several types, but all take up space and it must take time and trouble driving around them in seeding, tilling and harvesting operations.

Farmers observe the same black-out regulations as people in towns and cities. I am not sure that it is compulsory, but it is the wise thing to do. There are many instances in earlier months where hostile pilots have seen a gleam of light from a farm and have

dropped a bomb on the chance that it might be a factory. There have also been some instances where farmers were attacked in daylight raids and their stock machine-gunned from the air.

Farmers Are Given Protection. In many ways, the British farmer is probably better off than ever before. His hired man is in the same position. Prices of all kinds of farm produce are set by the Government high enough to ensure a profit. And wages of farm laborers are also set. When I was in England in October, the time was approaching when the minimum farm wages would be set for 1942. The hired men were asking for 60 shillings weekly, and seemed likely to get about 55 shillings, or about \$13.00.

Farmers' sons, if not entirely exempted from conscription, enjoy the same standing as munition workers. Farm help is scarce, of course. During the harvest months last fall, many experienced farmers, now with the Canadian Army in England, were sent to farms near their camps to help out. They did a good job. One farmer reports that they were far better than any hired help he could get in his own country, working far longer hours ungrudgingly.

One of the Women's Auxiliary units in Britain is the Women's Land Army. It is not as popular as some of the other branches of the service, possibly because the

khaki uniform does not look as well as the Air Force or the Women's Royal Naval Services. Their jobs may lack some of the glamour, too. But there is no doubt about their usefulness. I suppose that in some cases they take the place of hired men, but those I saw seemed to be working in threshing gangs, going from farm to farm in groups.

There is some grumbling and complaining, of course. We heard one poultry farmer say that he was almost out of business, in spite of the scarcity of eggs. He could not get enough feed for his rather large flock. And he didn't think the distribution of eggs was well carried out, some of them going bad. In other cases, the county committees evidently guess wrong. As so often happens with farm produce, an article that is scarce one year will be overgrown the next. In the spring of 1941, onions were seldom to be had at any price. Last fall, there were too many onions and a danger that some would rot.

Vegetables were plentiful and they helped fill out many a meal in Britain in the past few months. Literally millions of persons were growing vegetables in their private gardens or "allotments." They had sacrificed many of their flowers, though nearly every garden still had roses, and the blooms in September and even in October must have cheered many English

eyes, as they did those of a Canadian visitor.

About the time I left England, Prime Minister Churchill wrote to a mass meeting of farmers and farm workers:

"Never before have farmers and farm workers carried such a heavy responsibility as you do in this struggle. Never before have you responded to the country's call as you have done in the last two years. It is due to no small measure to the efforts you have made, in spite of many difficulties, that we find ourselves today in a better position on the food front than at any previous time since the war started."

Members of the armed forces may hunt game without fee or ordinary license during the open seasons, as result of an order-in-council passed by the provincial government this week. On producing a letter or certificate from the officer commanding a unit, applicants will be given a special license without charge by the game branch of the department of lands and mines.

Punch: When Hitler recently abolished law and justice in Germany, it must have been a great surprise to Germans that there had been any up to then.

WARNING!

If it is not already on its way to Rationing Headquarters you should

MAIL YOUR APPLICATION CARD FOR
COUPON RATIONING
AT ONCE!

After July 1st no one will be able to purchase sugar for regular domestic use without turning in a ration coupon.

Application cards for coupon rationing for sugar have now been mailed to every household in Canada. But, in an undertaking so vast, some homes may have been missed, or some cards may have gone astray. So, no matter where you live, whether it is in areas served by letter carrier or not, if your application card is not already on its way to Rationing Headquarters, you should wait no longer.

After filling in the card, according to the instructions on the pamphlet which was delivered with it, just drop the card in the nearest mail box or post office. It needs no forwarding address.

IF YOU HAVE NOT RECEIVED AN APPLICATION CARD you should get one at the nearest Post Office at once.

The ration cards being issued for use July 1st are for sugar only, and good for 10 weeks. At the end of that period a coupon ration book good for 6 months will be issued. Under the new system of coupon rationing, you are allowed the same

amount of sugar as at present—1½ lb. per person per week. The same provision as at present for additional quantities for preserving and jam and jelly making will be continued. Special voucher forms for this purpose are being supplied all retailers.

PRINT IN BLOCK LETTERS

1. LAST NAME ONLY

2. APPLICANT'S FIRST NAME(S)

3. NUMBER STREET OR RURAL ROUTE

4. CITY OR POST OFFICE PROVINCE AND COUNTY

5. FIRST NAMES OF OTHER PERSONS AT SAME ADDRESS HAVING SAME LAST NAME AS AT 1. (If any)

6. AGE IF MALE

7. LEAVE THIS BLANK

8. SIGNATURE

9. DATE

10. THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

11. IN SUPPORT OF RATION BOOK APPLICATION. I, THE UNDERSIGNED, SOLEMNLY DECLARE THAT I AND THE PERSONS ABOVE ADDRESSED, BEING FULLY LIVING AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS, HAVE ACCURATELY DESCRIBED MYSELF, AND THAT NO OTHER APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE ON BEHALF OF ANYONE MENTIONED HEREIN.

12. SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR SPOUSE

Just drop the card in the nearest mail box or post office. It needs no forwarding address.



All Post Offices have received full instructions to rush application cards for coupon rationing to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board Office, where they will get immediate attention and the coupon ration cards mailed right back to you.

COUPON
RATIONING
means no change in
your ALLOWANCE OF
SUGAR

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

The Ladies Aid of St Paul's United Church, Coleman will hold a

Strawberry Tea

in the Club Rooms, on

SAT., JUNE 27

from 3 to 6 p.m.

Tea **25c**

Everybody Welcome

Post Offices Sell Them

Buy WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

FROM

BANKS • POST OFFICES
DEPARTMENT STORES • GROCERS
TOBACCONISTS
BOOK STORES and other RETAIL STORES

CALGARY EXHIBITION AND STAMPEDE

JULY 6 to 11

SINGLE FARE

FOR ROUND TRIP

from all stations in Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia

July 4-11-14-17-19-21-23-25-27-29-31

Where no train service on July 4 tickets will be sold for July 5

RETURN LIMIT JULY 14 if no train July 14, good first available train thereafter

Full information from Ticket Agent

Canadian Pacific

Just that much Better

WHY? because it's EXTRA DRY!



Sir Robert BURNETT'S London Dry GIN

1.40 2.75

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS NOT INSERTED by the Alberta Liquor Control Board, or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

Citizens Asked to Decorate Buildings And Fly Flags

Main Street to be Decorated For July 1; Legion Asks Everyone's Co-operation.

July 1 committee of the Canadian Legion send out a request for all business men and private citizens to decorate their buildings and fly flags during Army Week, June 29 to July 1, and especially on Wednesday, July 1. The streets are expected to be packed to overflowing with local citizens and visitors present to watch the big parade in honor of the "Gentlemen in Khaki," whom the Legion wish to do honor. In view of this, business men will not doubt realize it is most necessary that their business places be suitably decorated.

Main street was well decorated last April when the Army Train made its appearance here, but there was still room for improvement. It was noticed at that time that a few people on main street threw a flag in their window, or opened it a trifle and stuck a flag out. This is a very nice trick and it is hoped that with so many people coming to town that business men will take the effort required to decorate their buildings properly.

Citizens having flags are asked to have them flying from their verandahs so that the entire town may have a gala appearance.

Monday evening at the Lions' meeting was ladies' night, and a number were present with their husbands to greet Harry Meade, of Bellevue, who had graciously consented to show his colored films of the Pacific.

Following supper, arrangements were made for Mr. Meade to set up his movie machine. Places shown were Pearl Harbor, other parts of the Philippines where Japan had successfully struck against the United States, Australia and New Zealand. These movies were exceptionally well received, as coming closer to home, Mr. Meade showed a colored scene of Bellevue, which, in color, resembled a beautiful old Mexican town.

Lion Dr. Lou Lesk presided at the meeting and ably thanked Mr. Meade for a very entertaining evening.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Muir, of Alexo, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillies.

Alex. Sekella left on Tuesday morning for the Pacific coast, where he will spend several weeks vacation.

The Ladies' Aid, St. Paul's United Church, will hold a strawberry tea on Saturday in the church club room from 3 to 6 p.m.

George Roper, who has been a member of the Army Ordnance Corps, Calgary, has received his honorable discharge and arrived home on Tuesday morning.

"Bill" McGrath left on Tuesday afternoon for Calgary. He has been unwell for some time and will take an extended vacation. A barber hailing from Maple Leaf is now in charge of the barber shop.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Cousins and son Bill will leave for northern Alberta by car on Tuesday. Mr. Cousins will attend summer school at the University of Alberta, while Mrs. Cousins and son will visit relatives at Ispas.

FINANCIAL

PERSONAL LOANS

for Taxes, Fuel Purchases and other Seasonal Needs

ONE YEAR TO REPAY

Apply to the nearest branch of

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Monthly Deposits Provide for Repayment

If you borrow	You Receive	You Make 12 Monthly Payments of
\$ 60	\$ 55.87	\$ 5.00
\$ 80	\$ 75.17	\$ 6.50
\$100	\$ 94.46	\$ 8.00
\$120	\$113.75	\$ 9.50
\$140	\$133.04	\$11.00

Other Amounts at Proportionately Lower Rates

YOUR ESTATE IS PROTECTED BY LIFE INSURANCE, WHICH THE BANK ARRANGES

Coleman Oldtimers Leave For The Pacific Coast

Had Resided in Coleman Since 1919; Will Operate Fruit Ranch at Cloverdale.

Coleman lost another two oldtimers this week when Mr. and Mrs. George Hope left to take up future residence at Cloverdale, near Vancouver. They have purchased a small ranch where they plan to raise fruit and poultry.

Mr. and Mrs. Hope settled at Lethbridge when they first came to Canada in 1911. Following the way they resided one year at Burnside before returning to Lethbridge once again. In 1919 they came to Coleman where Mr. Hope received employment as an engineer.

They first resided on Sixth street, having Mrs. T. Flynn as a neighbor. It is twenty years since they built the home on Third street which they sold last week to Mr. and Mrs. R. Johnson. Mr. Hope was fairly active in community affairs and for seven years was a member of the school board, serving several years as chairman.

Numerous parties have been held in Mrs. Hope's honor.

Their daughter, Mrs. VanDuzee, and Mr. VanDuzee have also an interest in the ranch and will travel with Mr. and Mrs. Hope to their new home. Following a visit to Calgary and Crossfield where they will visit relatives, Mr. and Mrs. VanDuzee and children, accompanied by Mr. Hope, will motor to the coast, while Mrs. Hope will travel by train.

Mrs. M. Clifford Honored; Will Live In Vancouver

Completed 15 Years as Public School Teacher—St. Alban's Parishioners Make Presentation.

The parishioners of St. Alban's church and their friends met in the church hall on Tuesday evening to leave Mrs. M. Clifford for a year in Eastern Canada, and later expects to live in Vancouver.

Coming here early in 1927, she was appointed to the public school staff. Not only in school life did she give faithful service for over 15 years, but she also filled the duties as organist at St. Alban's church without any intervals of rest except during the summer vacation.

Mrs. Clifford came to the west from Ontario as a young woman, settling with her husband in the Peace River district. There her husband died after a long period of illness, and she bravely carried on with her two daughters and a son, all of whom are now married, her oldest daughter, Hilda (Mrs. Harry Gardner) living here. She came to Coleman from the Peace River district.

In community life she has been an active worker, and to her church she was a generous giver both in service and financially. It was fitting that a presentation and an address should be made to her at the close of so many years service, and a travelling trunk and address, the gift of the parishioners was made to her on their behalf by Mr. Sidney C. Short, Rev. J. R. Hague expressed the appreciation of himself and Mrs. Hague and the congregation for Mrs. Clifford's help during fifteen years. She leaves here with the good wishes of many friends, both young and old, for she was loved by her little school pupils as if she were a mother to them. That she may enjoy many years of leisure is the fervent wish of all her friends who are sorry to see her leave Coleman.

St. Paul's United Church, Coleman Minister: J. E. Kirk Sunday, June 28th.

11 a.m. Holy communion at close of morning worship.
12.15 p.m. Sunday school.
7 p.m. Evening worship.
We extend a welcome to all.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH
Rev. J. R. Hague, A.M., Incumbent 2 p.m., Sunday school.
7 p.m., evensong and sermon.

Pearce R.A.F. Blank All Stars in Soccer Game

Win 4-0 After Being Held to a Scoreless First Half; Small Crowd.

Playing in decidedly cool weather and on a rain soaked field, Pearce R.A.F. soccer team blanked the Pass All Stars 4-0 before a small crowd at the sports field on Saturday evening.

The game was sponsored by the Canadian Legion, proceeds being turned over to the Soldiers' Comfort Fund.

All Stars played a hard defensive game and during the first half held out all threats made by the sharpshooting R.A.F. forwards. Play was fairly fast considering the sloppy condition of the field.

Following the interval Leitch, clever right winger of the R.A.F., dribbled through the defence to beat Leswick handily. Minutes later he stood just outside the All Star goal and booted a perfect pass past Leswick before the latter could move.

To make the score more binding steady pressure by the R.A.F. resulted in Jacobson shooting past Leswick for R.A.F.'s third goal. Ten minutes later Jacobson scored his second goal to complete the scoring.

Too much experience marked the visitor's play over the All Stars, the latter all playing hard. Positional play also added to the visitors' advantage.

Pearce: Stevens, O'Regan, Phillips, Ferguson, Wilkinson, Cowley, Leitch, Johnson, Jacobson, Newman, Stein.

All Stars: Leswick, Jenkins, Joyce, Gaskell, Jackson, Radley, Makin, Walker, Knight, L. Moore, J. Moore.

Referee: P. Smith.

WIRES SISTER FROM BRITAIN ON BIRTHDAY

Nine-year-old Joan Lloyd received a pleasant birthday remembrance on Tuesday when she received a wire from her brother, Pte. Jim Lloyd stationed in Britain wishing number of young friends helped Joan celebrate her birthday and a good time was had by all.

Furniture

JUST ARRIVED

TWO NEW CHESTERFIELDS... \$179.50 and \$197.00
THREE NEW BEDROOM SUITES... \$95.00 to \$127.00
TWO NEW BREAKFAST SUITES \$69.50 and \$119.50

Coleman Hardware and Furniture Co.
W. DUTIL, Mgr. Phone 68

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have taken over the management of the

White Rose Service Station

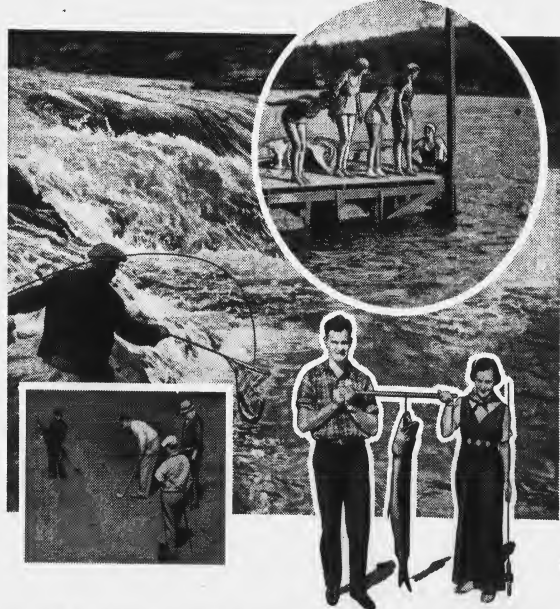
and solicit the same customer goodwill that has existed in the past to continue in the future.

Leslie Allen



In addition to their regular convoy and patrol duties, Britain's Navy and Fleet Arm maintain a constant search for enemy activity over hundreds of thousands of miles of ocean. Proof of their success in keeping open the Allied sea lanes is given by Germany's intensified attacks on Russian-bound convoys and on Malta, key-point of British naval attacks on the Mediterranean.

French River and Devil's Gap Lure Visitors



A cottage on the shore of a tree-lined lake with opportunities for fishing, boating, swimming and other warm-weather recreation provides the kind of summer holiday which is essentially Canadian. But life in a cottage sometimes means a lot of work owing to the lack of city conveniences, which is the reason for the great popularity of such resorts as Devil's Gap and French River where visitors live in cottages which are as well served as hotel suites.

The simple life, with all the informality and ease which the expression implies, is the watchword at these two famous Canadian Pacific resorts. Mother is relieved of the cooking, daughter of the dish-washing and wenny of the lawn-mowing, while father

dresses in his oldest and most comfortable clothes to pursue his own peculiar ideas of summer life.

There is a strong family resemblance between Devil's Gap Lodge, near Kenora, and French River Chalet Bungalow Camp, on the Canadian Pacific Toronto-Sudbury line. In a beautiful section of lakes and forests, they offer endless possibilities for recreation. No part of Canada has better fishing, and there are facilities for tennis, golf and similar sports. Great expanses of water and wooded country make exploring a pleasure, by canoe, motorboat, automobile, horse or on foot.

Individual bungalows or cottages, self-contained and cosily furnished, have electric lights, running water and maid service.

The central chalet or lodge is the nerve centre of the community because it is there that visitors have their meals and enjoy dancing and other amusements in the evenings.

Although there are amusements for every member of the family, the most popular sport at these resorts is fishing. That is because the fishing is so good. Pickerel, pike, sturgeon, plus those scrappiest game-fish of the Canadian water-world, the muscalunge and the small-mouth black bass are found in abundance. Both districts have produced record fish, the most outstanding of which was the sixty and one-half pound muscalunge caught by J. J. Coleman, of Evansville, Indiana, in Eagle Lake, east of Devil's Gap, in 1939. That one holds the world's record.



Biscuits

2 pound packages
Ready to Mail
75c

Chocolate Sauce

5 ozs. 16 ozs.
10c 25c

Neilson's Chocolate Bars large
2 for 29c

Suggestions for Soldiers' Parcels

GUM, your choice, 6 for 25c
POTTED MEATS, 3 tins for 25c
SHOE POLISH, any color, per tin 11c
RAZOR BLADES, Gillette's, 6 for 25c
SHAVING CREAM, per tube 35c

CANNED FRUITS, 8 oz. Tins
PEACHES, Sliced, 2 tins for 27c
APRICOTS, Choice, 2 tins for 25c
PINEAPPLE, Choice, 2 tins for 29c
FRUIT COCKTAIL, per tin 18c

JAM

6 Varieties
Lb. Tin 25c

Coffee
with Milk and Sugar, per tin 25c and 45c

TEA

SPITFIRE
Ready to Mail
Per Tin **69c**

HOLYK'S See our display of 8 oz. pkts. Candy for Overseas Shipment

Parcels for the "Gentlemen in Khaki"

Tinned Meats	Canned Fruit	Biscuits	Butter
Shaving Soap	Razor Blades	Candies	Cocoa
Tea Bags	Cheese	Coffee	

West End Market
Phone 291j West Coleman

"Send Us Parcels"

A FEW SUGGESTIONS:

Shaving Cream	Razor Blades	Cigarettes
Canned Meats	Chocolates	Tobacco
Tea	Butter	Cheese

Toppiano's Grocery
Phone 193j Second Street, Coleman

Send Them Foodstuffs

- From Home -

Canned Fruit	Canned Meats	Shaving Soap
Cigarettes	Tobacco	Razor Blades
Tea Bags	Coffee	Biscuits
Butter	Cheese	Candies

The Friendly Store
Phone 13 Main Street, Coleman

REMEMBER OUR BOYS

During "Army Week"

Send Them a Parcel from the Following List:

Butter	Cheese	Biscuits	Coffee
Tea Bags	Cigarettes	Tobacco	Candies
Shaving Soap	Razor Blades	Canned Meats	

Red & White Stores
Phone 78 Second Street, Coleman

Jackson's Grocery

Suggestions for Overseas Parcels

Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Candies
Canned Meats, Canned Fruits, Tea Bags
Razor Blades, Shaving Soap, Cocoa, Biscuits
Butter, Cheese, Coffee, Chocolates, Toothpaste

Fifth Street - Coleman

Parcel Suggestions

For That Man in "Khaki" or "Blue"

Candies, Chocolates, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Butter
Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Biscuits, Canned Fruits
Jams, Canned Meats, Cheese, Gum
Shoe Polish, Shoe Laces.

FAUVILLE'S GROCERY
Sixth Street, Coleman

Army Week June 29 to July 5
to Honor Canada's Army

(by Lieut. Bruce M. Pearce)

Deserved tribute will be paid to Canada's soldier sons during Army Week, June 29 to July 5, an event that will be suitably marked in every city, town and village from coast to coast.

Judging by the enthusiasm already evinced by citizens throughout the Dominion, Army week will mark a new high in the outpouring of patriotic feeling among Canadians. It is a week set aside in response to widespread public demand for the purpose of honoring the men in khaki who have offered to give their lives if necessary to defeat the aggressors and to preserve our freedom.

The lads of Canada's Army have sacrificed all the comforts of civilian life and the association with their loved ones in order to serve their country. During Army Week the Canadian people will have an opportunity to show their appreciation of this sacrifice. For weeks now Citizen's Committees have engaged in mapping out programs for entertaining and honoring the troops. Every community, large and small, across Canada will have a part in this spontaneous demonstration. Churches, civic groups, industries, retail stores, service clubs and women's organizations will do their bit to achieve the maximum success.

Public and private buildings will fly flags throughout the week. The public will have a chance to attend "Open House" at military training centres and schools, to hear the inspiring music of military bands and to watch the stirring parades of Canadian soldiers. They will have the chance to entertain men of the Army in their homes and at dances and concerts. Service emblems will be displayed in homes, churches and business houses, while Honor Rolls will be prominently exhibited.

Newspapers will publish special Army editions, the radio will carry programs on the Army Week theme, and theatres will present Army films. Hotels and restaurants will serve meals based on Army rations and householders are asked to do likewise on one day of the week. Members of the Reserve Army will take part in parades and will wear their uniform one day in the week. Sports programs, church parades and drum-head services will have their part in the agenda. Tribute will be paid to the next-of-kin of lads on active service. The overseas lads will not be forgotten and citizens are asked to make a point of writing to them and of sending parcels during Army Week.

Dominion Day, July 1, falls in this week and as it marks the 75th anniversary of Confederation, it is fitting that the majority of towns and villages in Canada are planning a suitable celebration for that day. It will give added impetus to Army Week and to the deep-seated desire to honor the boys in khaki.

This is a citizens' show and every community in the country will want to have a part in it. Not only will it prove to the soldiers that they have not been forgotten by the public, but it will go far towards enlightening Canadians more intimately concerning the role of Canada's Army and the manner in which the troops are cared for and trained. Until the present time the Army has been somewhat overshadowed by the sterling performance of Canada's Air Force and Navy, which have seen action on many fronts while the Army has remained inactive so far as actual combat is concerned. It cannot be forgotten that in the end it will require an invasion of the European continent to ensure

the defeat of Hitlerism. Then the Army will be called upon to play its part.

Meanwhile Canadian troops both in England and in the Dominion are training tirelessly to fit themselves for the supreme struggle that lies ahead. In training centres, schools and camps from one end of Canada to the other, they are undergoing strenuous physical training and instruction in modern methods and weapons of war so that they may not be found wanting when the zero hour comes.

Canada has an army of which to be proud and Canadians will have the chance during Army Week to demonstrate their true appreciation of the men who are making the greatest sacrifice in the battle to preserve our liberty. The days from June 29 to July 5 should culminate in the most memorable exhibition of patriotic fervor in Canada's history.

Important
Information Re
Soldiers' Parcels

In preparing parcels to be sent to members of the Canadian Army Overseas or members of the R.C.A.F., care should be taken in wrapping and tying the parcel. Although it is permissible to use paper as an outside wrapping, it is recommended that each parcel be finally done up in cotton. A soldier may move from place to place and the parcel handled numerous times before he receives it. Be sure to wrap it securely.

Not more than two pounds of anyone foodstuff is allowed in each parcel. Parcels weighing up to 11 pounds may be sent to members of the armed forces in the United Kingdom. Each parcel requires a customs declaration to be attached stating the contents, the value and the name and address of the sender. These forms may be had at the post-office and should be attached to the parcel before mailing.

When making up your parcel or parcels do not include such articles as matches, lighter-fluid or any other inflammable substance. Articles of this nature endanger soldiers' mail. It is contrary to Postal regulations to ship such articles through the mails.

Please enquire at your local post office regarding rates, etc. to members of Canadian forces in Canada, the Navy and the Air Force. A special rate of 12c per pound is allowed on parcels addressed to members of the armed forces overseas.

Help your country to victory—enlist now!

Army Week—June 29 to July 5

The week is sponsored by the Canadian Government and it's up to every one to put his shoulder to the wheel and make the event a huge success. Invite a soldier to your home for the week-end. Send a parcel to the lads overseas. Remember, they are fighting for what you have. Share a little with them.

OVERSEAS SUGGESTIONS

<p>Cigarettes for the Boys</p> <p>300 Sweet Caporals or 300 Winchesters Delivered over there for \$1.10</p> <p>Chewing Gum Any Kind 6 pkgs. for 25c</p> <p>Canned Fruits Canned Meats Canned Jam Condensed Coffee Canned Chicken Tomato Juice Fruit Juice Canned Vegetables</p>	<p>Tobacco for the Boys</p> <p>1 lb. of Sweet Cap. Cigarette Tobacco or 1 lb. of Pipe Tobacco, delivered for \$1.10</p> <p>Chocolate Bars Good Selection 6 Bars for 25c</p> <p>Candies, Chocolate Bars Biscuits Marshmallows Razors and Blades Soaps Beef Cubes Nuts Butter in Tins</p>
--	--

Select the goods you want sent, we will do the rest.

Don't Forget Army Week



J. M. ALLAN
Phone 32 "The Store of Better Service"

Army Week---June 29 to July 5

A Few Suggestions for Overseas Parcels

Canned Meats	Biscuits	Coffee	Tea
Cocoa	Butter	Cheese	Jams

Coleman Meat Market
Phone 187 Main Street, Coleman

Parcels From Home Are Appreciated


Shaving Cream	Razor Blades	Spiced Ham
Tobacco	Cigarettes	Chocolates
Butter	Cheese	Gum
Cocoa	Cakes	Toothpaste

Walter Bobbitt
Phone 69f West Coleman

A Few Suggestions for Overseas

Tobacco	Butter	Chocolates	Cheese
Gum	Cocoa	Toothpaste	Cakes
Razor Blades	Spiced Ham	Shaving Cream	

Ferby's Grocery
Phone 241j East Coleman

<p>SHAVING STICKS Each 35c - Refill 25c</p> <p>SHAVING CREAM 35c - 25c and 29c</p>	<p>SPITFIRE TEA 1 lb. Tin For Overseas 69c</p> <p>RAZOR BLADES 6 for 25c</p>	<p>CHOCOLATE BARS 6 for 25c</p> <p>CHEWING GUM 6 packages for 25c</p>	
--	--	---	---

BISCUITS
For Overseas
2 lb. package 75c

ZAK'S

CANDY
Priced from
Per lb. 30c to 45c

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Rudolf Besler, 63, dramatist, whose works included: "The Barretts of Wimpole Street," died recently at his home in Surrey, England.

Iron ore with a metallic content of 65 per cent, has been discovered in central Nova Scotia in the Five Islands and Economy Mountain areas.

Costa Rica, Central American republic which declared war on the Axis last December, has the smallest "navy" in the world, an old 22-ton converted yacht acquired in 1941.

It was learned that Dominion Government geologists and topographers now are exploring the Peace River area of British Columbia to ascertain its petroleum possibilities.

George Yandell, one of Scotland Yard's "Big Six" and an expert on forgery cases, has been placed in charge of the fight against black marketeers and the trucking down of food ration coupon forgers.

The elementary Flying Training School at Malton airport, near Toronto, is to be moved shortly to De Winton, Alta., it was learned officially at Royal Canadian Air Force headquarters.

Sabotage is dislocating the German war machine in Holland. "A death's hand now grips the municipal and national administration which is in a chaotic state," said a Hollander who escaped to Britain.

Though a high physical standard, and much initiative and enterprise are demanded of all volunteers for commands, so great is the rush for this service that only 25 per cent of the applicants can be accepted at present.

Lucky Escape

Lonc Man Reported To Have Escaped From Czech Village Of Lidice

Jan Masaryk, foreign minister of the Czech-Slovakian government in London, said he had reports that a lone man had escaped from the Czech village of Lidice which was wiped out by the Nazis in reprisal for the slaying of Reinhard Heydrich, but that the man was still somewhere in Czechoslovakia.

Referring to the escaped man as "the only man of that town still living," Masaryk said "our sources of information will have to be extremely guarded and care must be taken lest the man be endangered, but attempts will be made to reach him."

He said he did not know the man's name nor any further details regarding his escape.

New Young Frock



By ANNE ADAMS

Fresh as a breeze is this frock from Pattern 4048 by Anne Adams! See how prettily the shoulder yokes, pockets, and sleeves are trimmed with lace—see how tall the princess paneling makes you look! The Sewing Instructor caves times.

Pattern 4048 is available in junior miss sizes 11, 13, 15 and 17. Size 13 takes 3 1/4 yards 39 inch fabric. Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. 2469

From Conquered People

Nazis Confiscate Enough To More Than Finance War

The Nazis are wringing 4 1/2 billion dollars annually, mostly in goods, from the conquered peoples of Europe, the Foreign Policy Association said. During the last three years they have confiscated and looted enough material wealth to pay for several years of war preparation, said the association, a private research organization.

Ernest Hediger, staff member who prepared the report for the association, estimated that every 41 days Germany collects a sum equal to the total it was ordered to pay as reparation for the World War.

This system of plunder, he said, has brought the conquered countries of Europe to the "verge of famine."

"The health of the European people is rapidly being impaired and the danger exists that, without sufficient food, living in unheated houses in the bitter winter cold, most of occupied Europe's men, women and children may gradually drift into a state of physical weakness that will reduce them to sub-human standards," he continued.

"Their speedy liberation from Nazi domination is therefore the first condition of their salvation and the survival of democracy in Europe."

Military conquest, the survey said, has been accompanied not only by wholesale confiscation of everything of immediate use to the German war machine, but also by the application of an entirely new system of invisible and permanent looting. It added:

"By imposing so-called occupation costs and exacting other financial tribute Germany has been able, while keeping the appearance of legality, to oblige the vanquished nations to finance its purchases, thus succeeding to a very large extent in saddling the costs of its war on them."

More To Follow

People In Germany Know Britain Will Continue Bombing Raids

To the Germans in bombed Cologne and Essen, the most terrifying thought of all must be that Britain's air power is increasing so enormously. It is in the third year of the war that these devastating blows have been struck; the earlier raids, which served their purpose at the time, are now serving a larger purpose in showing, by contrast, the tremendous increase in Britain's strength. That thought leaves no room for comfort or for hope; there is now only the grim knowledge that their enemies are gaining power as the war goes on, and that there can be no escape from the punishment that will come again and again. If Hitler promises vengeance they cannot help but remember that his past promises were followed by such awful consequences to themselves.

That the Nazis will try to wreak vengeance on British cities is to be expected and it is not to be assumed that the recent raids on Canterbury and other small towns are the most they will be able to do. It may safely be assumed, however, that with the Russian front to take care of, they will never be able to match the growing might of Britain and the United States in the west. For whatever they can do, the British people are prepared, and British defenses are better able to deal with attacking planes than ever before. And whatever they do, nothing will shake the courage or confidence of the British people, courage and confidence that are founded on sure knowledge and not on vainglorious boasts.—Toronto Telegram.

Invented War Car

Young Boy Was Commended By Australian Army Minister

Twelve-year-old Jim Phillips, Adelaide, Australia, was too young to join the navy. So he invented a new type munitions and troop carrier that brought special commendation from P. M. Forde, army minister.

"I wanted to show dad I was doing my bit to help Australia win the war, so I invented a vehicle to get men and munitions quickly to the front lines," he explained.

Air Force Recruits Parade In Winnipeg



—R.C.A.F. Official Photograph.

Part of the largest group of Air Force recruits to leave Winnipeg under the War Emergency Training Programme at one time proceeded East recently. There were 100 men in the parade and it was stated that the class had the highest record achieved so far at the Henry Avenue Vocational School. Every member in the group graduated, the class average being 85.5%. The new recruits have been posted to No. 1 Manning Depot, Toronto, and were accompanied by Flying Officer M. Brock of No. 6 Recruiting Centre, R.C.A.F.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD

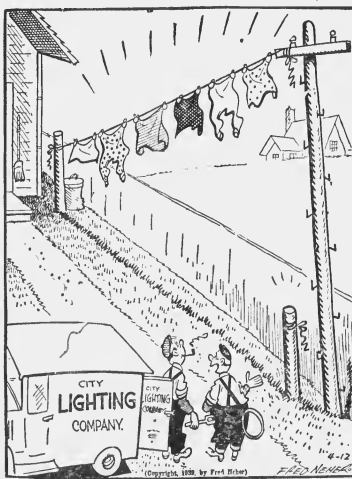
By William Ferguson



ANSWER: Electrical. The terms given above are electrical units in a system based upon an act of Congress, passed in 1894 and still in use.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"I suppose it's kind o' mean, but I didn't like the way she hollered at us!"

REG'LAR FELLERS—Oriental Gardener



Health LEAGUE OF CANADA presents TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST

TREATMENT OF SUNBURN

Sunburn is among the dangerous seasonal ailments according to industrial medicine authorities who state that during summer months it causes a greater loss of working time than any other ailment, Dr. Gordon Bates, General Director of the Health League of Canada warns. This year the urgency for wartime production in Canada's industries and farms, medical men suggest that people should be on guard against excessive exposure, especially on week-end outings and picnics.

For those who are only moderately sunburned, medical men suggest use of a tannic acid jelly preparation or application of tannic acid solution in packs to burned parts. This can be used liberally and is an inexpensive remedy. Solutions should be used while still fresh or prepared with distilled or sterile water.

Physicians warn against the use of grease, especially in badly burned cases, because in case of infection the doctor must first remove the grease, a process which may be painful to the patient.

Guard Food Supplies

Britain Has Method Of Treating Food Contaminated With Gas

If gas should be used against Britain, arrangements have been made to safeguard the nation's food supplies against contamination.

It has taken some years to perfect the countryside service which today stands ready to salvage any foodstuffs which may be exposed to gas. Air Raid Precautions experts were experimenting on the salvage of gas-contaminated foods before war began and today, although no unit has had to go into action, the service stands at the alert, ready for emergency.

The backbone of the service is the growing chain of food "laundries" for cleansing the food, now built up throughout the country. The "laundries" are staffed by civil defence personnel, working in co-operation with the local authorities. It is estimated that these decontamination units could salvage ninety per cent. of the food treated.—Bulletin from Britain.

WOMEN'S TIMBER CORPS

Recruits from many parts of Britain are joining the Women's Timber Corps and training at Bury St. Edmunds, under direction of the Supply Ministry as part of the effort to increase timber production. The recruits belong to the Women's Land Army.

In 1940, India's jute crop was 12,262,450 bales.

MICKIE SAYS—

"POKIN' YER HEAD IN TH' GROUND LIKE AN OSTRICH UNTIL THINGS GIT BETTER AINT GONNA DO NO GOOD! A BETTER WAY TO USE YER HEAD IS 'THINKIN' UP SOME ADS!"



BY GENE BYRNES

Army Week=June 29--July 5

This week Canada honors her men in uniform. Delight him with Snapshots of friends and home.

Use Kodak Film

See our complete stock of Kodak Verichrome Film

FREE with a package of Wardenia Blades you get a Wardenia Razor

Both for 25c

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder..... 28c and 45c
Wood's Moth Killer.....10c
Wood's Odorized DeMof Blochells..... 25c

H. C. McBURNEY

Druggist and Stationer Main Street, Coleman
Agent for the Blairmore Greenhouses

12-pc. Living Room Ensemble

Lounge Suite, 4 pieces...\$169.50 Rug, 1 piece..... \$5.65
Table and Lamp, 2 pieces... 8.20 Stand Lamp, 1 piece 7.50
Cover, 1 piece..... 1.50 Smoker, 1 piece..... 6.50
Ash Tray and Box, 2 pieces... \$1.90

Total, 12 pieces \$200.75

Pattinson's Hardware Store

Phone 180 for Orders Large or Small - Service Unexcelled

Brushes by Pro-Phy-Lac-Tic

HAIR BRUSHES...\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50
PLATE BRUSHES (Nylon Bristles)..... 50c
TOOTH BRUSHES (Nylon Bristles)..... 50c
TOOTH BRUSHES (Pure Bristles)..... 25c
SHAVING BRUSHES... \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50
and..... \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00

Try LEG-DO and save on Silk Stockings.
Absolutely Harmless!

HAYSOM'S DRUG STORE

AGENT FOR FRACHE BROS., FLORISTS
Telephone 261 Main Street, Coleman

PALACE THEATRE

HIGH-CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

Program For Coming Week

In Tribute to the Gentlemen in Khaki

all men in uniform will be admitted to any Pass theatre
FREE OF CHARGE during Army Week, June 29 to July 5.

Thursday and Friday, June 25 and 26
DOUBLE PROGRAM

HOP-A-LONG CASSIDY, in

"The Doomed Caravan"
and RED SKELTON, Famous Radio Comedian, in
"Whistling In The Dark"

Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, June 27, 29 and 30
Gary GRANT and Jean FONTAINE, in

"SUSPICION"

also NOVELTY and NEWS

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, July 1, 2 and 3
DOUBLE PROGRAM

A super Western with an All Star cast including
Franchot TONE, Andy DEVINE and Micha AUER in
"Trail of the Vigilantes"
and a musical comedy featuring MARY LEE in
"MELODY IN MOONLIGHT"

Cole's Theatre, Bellevue

Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, June 27, 29 and 30
Doug. FAIRBANKS jr. and Ruth WARRICK in

Corsican Brothers

LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. A. Lowe is this week visiting Mrs. N. E. McAuley.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Beveridge are spending two weeks' vacation at the coast.

Miss Mary Yurasek left on Friday for Vancouver where she will join her sister, Joanna.

Miss Vicki Churla, of Holyk's grocery store staff, is spending a vacation at Calgary.

Mr. Leslie Allen, of Lundbreck, has taken over management of White Rose Service station.

Mr. T. E. Flynn left on Saturday evening for a two weeks holiday to be spent at the coast.

Mrs. L. McAfferly, of Calgary, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shields, for a few days.

Mrs. Rac Bosetti has left for Merceul where she will join her husband who is employed there.

Gnr. H. Buckna, R.C.A.F., Patricia Bay, B.C., is spending two weeks' furlough with his parents.

Ptes. George Derbyshire and Eddie Churla, of Calgary, visited at their homes during the week-end.

Mrs. Herb. Sherratt and son, Owen, plan on leaving this week-end for a vacation at the Pacific coast.

John Anderson, jr., left on Monday morning's train for Vancouver, where he will endeavor to secure employment.

Mr. and Mrs. T. McGregor and Mrs. A. Walker arrived home on Sunday evening from two weeks' vacation at the coast.

Miss Eileen Willetts, of Calgary, was the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Willetts, at the week-end.

LAC P. Mills, R.A.F., Calgary, was the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Willetts. LAC Mills hails from Birmingham, Eng.

Mrs. W. L. Rippon and Lorraine, Mrs. H. Dufco, Mrs. Norman MacAulay and Miss Edith Haysom visited at Lethbridge on Monday.

Ellis Derbyshire, R.C.A.F., Moncton, N.B., spent a furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Derbyshire, and returned this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Evans, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. M. Joyce and Miss Bessie Crowder, motored to Fernie on Sunday, where they visited friends.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Nicholas entertained at their home on Thursday in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Melusi, nee Emily Nicholas, prior to their leaving for their home at Vancouver.

Mrs. Harry Brown wishes to announce the forthcoming marriage of her eldest daughter, Ann Halliday, to Pte. H. McMahon, of the R.C.A.S.C., of Calgary, a son of Cpl. and Mrs. M. McMahon, of Coleman.

Last week Mr. and Mrs. Jack Rogers, accompanied by Mrs. D. Gillespie and Elveno Fontana, R.C.A.F., motored to Calgary where Elveno continued his journey to his base in eastern Canada. Mrs. Gillespie remained in the city the guest of her daughter, Mrs. John Bayon.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. T. Bowen was hostess at a farewell party in honor of Mrs. George Hope on Friday last. Two tables of bridge were in play, honors going to Mrs. E. Lonsbury and Mrs. S. Milley. Towards the close of the evening's festivities, Mrs. Lonsbury, on behalf of those present, presented Mrs. Hope with a parting gift.

Mrs. A. B. Westworth entertained at four tables of bridge on Friday evening. Honors went to Mrs. T. Flynn, Mrs. J. Kellock and Mrs. S. R.C.A.F. authorities at Edmonton on Monday evening, June 29.

Tex. Larrymore, of The Motordrome at her home on Saturday evening in honor of Mrs. M. Clifford and Mrs. C. Rose, both of whom will leave Coleman shortly.



NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE CONTROL OF EMPLOYMENT

★ **NO EMPLOYER HEREAFTER SHALL HIRE ANY PERSON, MALE OR FEMALE, WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF A SELECTIVE SERVICE OFFICER IN AN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE COMMISSION** ★

Whenever a vacancy occurs, or additional staff is required, or a lay-off of staff is anticipated, the employer shall notify the local Employment Office. He may engage only persons referred to him by, or approved by, the local Employment Office.

A local Selective Service Officer may revoke at any time, on not less than ten days notice, any approval granted by him.

An appeal from a Selective Service Officer's decision may be made in writing within ten days to the Divisional Registrar of the National War Services Board, and the decision of the Board shall be final.

EXCEPTIONS

This order does not include employment: (1) In agriculture, fishing, hunting or trapping; (2) Subject to the Essential Work (Scientific and Technical Personnel) Regulations, 1942; (3) In domestic service in a private home; (4) Of students after school hours or during holidays (but does include employment during Summer Vacations); (5) In part-time work which is not the principal means of livelihood; (6) Casual or irregular employment for not more than three days in any calendar week for the same employer; (7) Under the Government of any Province.

This order does not affect Re-employment: (1) Within not more than 14 consecutive days after the last day a person worked for the same employer; (2) After sickness or disability which caused the suspension of the employment; (3) On resumption of work after a stoppage caused by an industrial dispute; (4) In accordance with a collective labour agreement which provides for preference according to length of service or seniority; (5) On compulsory re-instatement after Military Service.

Until further notice from the Director of National Selective Service or a local National Selective Service Officer, any employer may temporarily engage any employee, if he submits within three days to a local office an application in duplicate for the approval of such engagement. Such application shall state the insurance book number, or the insurance registration number, (U.I.C. Form 413), name, address, age, sex, occupation of such employee, the name of his or her most recent employer, and the date he or she left employment with such employer.

Penalties for infringements of this order provide for a fine up to \$500.00, or imprisonment up to 12 months, or both fine and imprisonment.

★ **This order supersedes previous National Selective Service Orders respecting restricted and unrestricted occupations.** ★

ELLIOTT M. LITTLE,
Director National Selective Service

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour

French River and Devil's Gap Highlight Ontario Holidays



One of the surest ways of maintaining a proper perspective of things is to take temporary leave of the cares of a troubled world and get back to nature for a while... a trend that should be particularly popular this summer at French River Bungalow Camp, near Georgian Bay and Devil's Gap Lodge on the Lake of the Woods, where all the comforts of a metropolitan hotel are combined with the freedom and informality of the great outdoors.

Located in the heart of Ontario's loveliest lake and forest country, yet conveniently served by Canadian Pacific Railway lines, both resorts offer such popular vacation pursuits as fishing — and that includes matching wits with the giant muscalunge — hunting, canoeing, yachting, bathing and hiking, with the contrasting "city" delights of golfing, tennis, and dancing, in a setting that might well be a hundred miles from nowhere.

Consisting of attractive, electrically-equipped cabins and central community lodge, French River Bungalow Camp is one of the few resorts in the world where big game fishing can be enjoyed within earshot of the whack of a golf club. This miracle was achieved by carving a sporty nine-hole course from the woods surrounding nearby Dry Pine Bay, where golfers' movements are frequently studied through the wide eyes of a wild deer.

Fashioned along similar lines, Devil's Gap Lodge, an exhilarating boat ride from Kenora station, provides unlimited opportunities for the summer sportsman or vacationist, whether his tastes run to stalking "muskie", pickerel, bass or trout, or simply acquiring a golden tan from a diving-dock or lazily drifting canoe. Excellent boating facilities are maintained by the Lodge where guests have access to a nine-hole golf course and fine tennis courts.

Fishing is a major attraction at French River Bungalow Camp and Devil's Gap Lodge, handsome trophies being awarded for the largest muscalunge, bass and pickerel fished from their respective waters. Guides, boats, tackle and bait are also maintained for the guests' convenience.

Pictures show upper left a glimpse of a cozy French River Cabin and right a view of Devil's Gap. Other pictures show golfing, fishing, canoeing in this glorious holiday country.